



SharkFest '18 US



Practical TraceWrangling

Exploring Capture file
manipulation/extraction scenarios

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Airbus CyberSecurity



About me

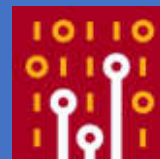


- Working at Airbus CyberSecurity
- Network analysis & forensics since 2003
 - NetXRay, Sniffer Pro/Distributed, ClearSight
 - Ethereal since... uh... version 0.9something
- Creator of
 - TraceWrangler
 - blog.packet-foo.com





Agenda



1. Tracewrangler?!
2. File and Task Concepts
3. Editing PCAP(ng)s
4. Extracting packets
5. Demos/Scenarios



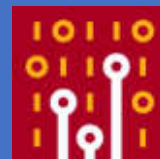
TraceWrangler



- Trace („pcap“) file manipulation toolkit
- Decodes protocol layers and performs tasks like
 - Sanitization / Anonymization
 - Layer removal/manipulation
 - Packet/Flow extractions
 - Merging



Wireshark /TraceWrangler



| Wireshark | Tracewrangler |
|--|--|
| Has a Gazillion of protocol dissectors | 34 protocols parsed as of Sharkfest 2018 |
| Displays decoded protocols | Doesn't show protocol decodes |
| One file displayed/opened at a time | Filelist can hold hundreds or thousands of files |
| Supports powerful filters for everything | Only very basic filtering (Addresses, Ports) |
| Conversation statistics for the current file | Conversation statistics for all scanned files |
| No/very manual packet manipulation features | Fully automatic packet manipulation |



The file list



- List of files, to be processed by tasks
- List of tasks, containing parameters for file processing
- File details pane
 - Shows file scan results, if available

The screenshot shows the TraceWrangler software interface. The main window displays a table of files with columns for No., Filename, Size (Bytes), Type, First Frame Time, Duration, Frames, and Status. The file list contains 20 entries, all of which are PCAPng files with a size of 250,00 M and a status of 'No task assigned'. The file details pane on the right shows the details for the selected file, including its filename, frame count, first and last frame times, min and max frame sizes, data size, scan status, and frame comments.

| No. | Filename | Size (Bytes) | Type | First Frame Time | Duration | Frames | Status |
|-----|------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------------------|--------------------|---------|------------------|
| 10 | TwDemo_00010_20140706193231.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 19:23:22 | 00:07:33.477943000 | 401.006 | No task assigned |
| 11 | TwDemo_00011_20140706193055.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 19:30:55 | 00:07:24.624570000 | 398.430 | No task assigned |
| 12 | TwDemo_00012_20140706193819.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 19:38:20 | 00:07:31.874373000 | 398.381 | No task assigned |
| 13 | TwDemo_00013_20140706194551.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 19:45:52 | 00:07:21.019583000 | 391.353 | No task assigned |
| 14 | TwDemo_00014_20140706195312.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 19:53:13 | 00:07:27.485913000 | 401.217 | No task assigned |
| 15 | TwDemo_00015_20140706200040.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 20:00:40 | 00:07:12.805103000 | 396.024 | No task assigned |
| 16 | TwDemo_00016_20140706200753.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 20:07:53 | 00:07:22.326077000 | 392.741 | No task assigned |
| 17 | TwDemo_00017_20140706201515.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 20:15:16 | 00:08:04.773088500 | 399.704 | No task assigned |
| 18 | TwDemo_00018_20140706202220.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 20:23:20 | 00:08:10.048139000 | 393.676 | No task assigned |
| 19 | TwDemo_00019_20140706203130.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 20:31:30 | 00:07:54.859490000 | 397.635 | No task assigned |
| 20 | TwDemo_00020_20140706203925.pcapng | 250,00 M | PCAPng | 06.07.2014 20:39:25 | 00:09:17.607047000 | 381.281 | No task assigned |

File Details

Filename: C:\Traces\Interesting\Gigaset2\TwDemo_00010_20140706193231.pcapng
Frame Count: 401.006 Frames skipped: no Skipped Size: n/a
First Frame: 06.07.2014 19:23:22 Last Frame: 06.07.2014 19:30:55 Duration: 00:07:33.477943000 h
Min Frame Size: 64 bytes Max Frame Size: 1.58 bytes Average Size: 620 bytes
Data Size: 248.896.599 bytes Header Overhead: 13.448.377 bytes Time Order: correct
Scan Status: all packets scanned for general statistics and PCAPng structure Interface Count: 1
Frame Comments: 0
File Comment: n/a

Status: idle Files: 20 Total Frames: 7.876.385 Total Bytes: 4.978.316.886



Adding files



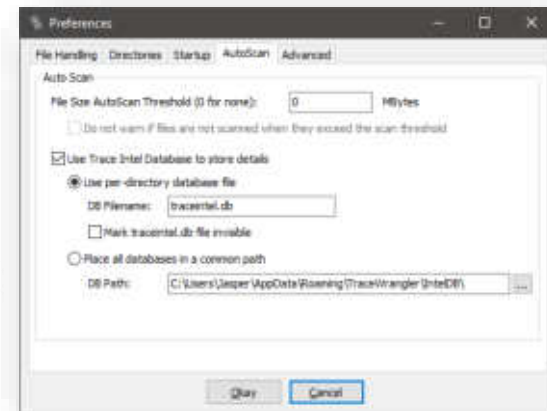
- Use the „Add Files“ button to add single or multiple files via file dialog
- „Add directory“ to add all capture files found in a directory (plus subdirectories by default)
- Drag & drop
- Via command line parameter (just specify the filename with path)
- Via pop-up menu



PCAP indexing

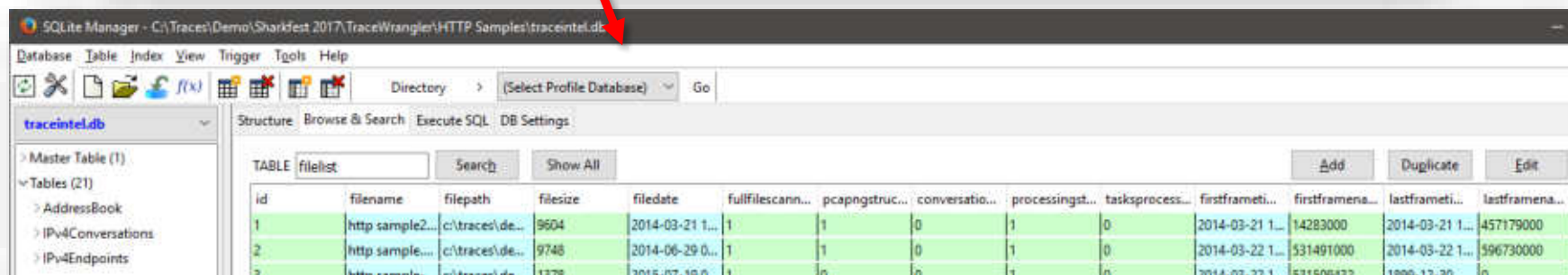
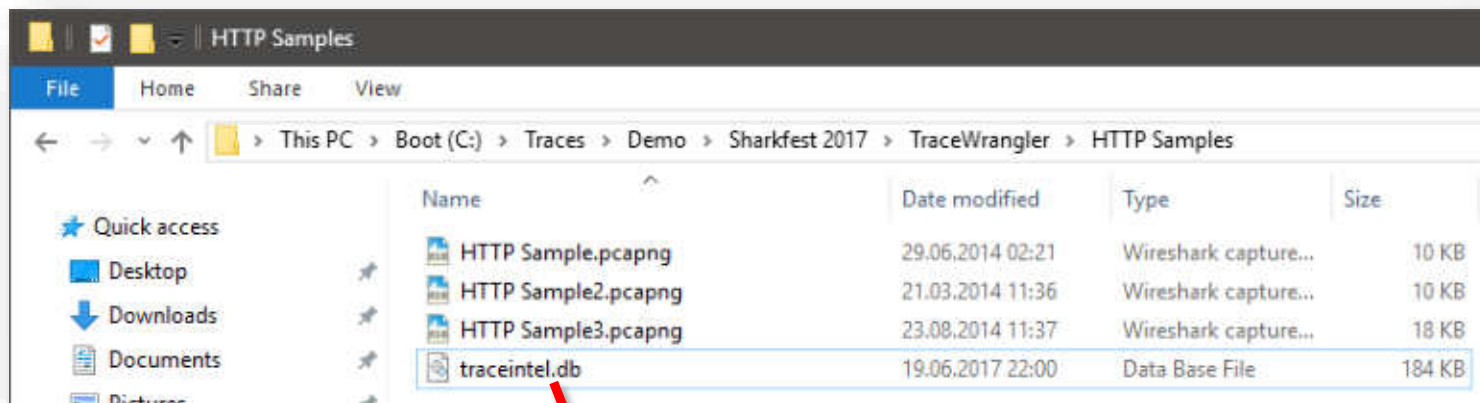


- By default, Tracewrangler scans all files up to 50MB once
 - Main purpose is to extract meta data about conversations and other details
 - Results are written to a database file
- Scan threshold can be configured in preferences
 - A setting of „0“ scans all files, regardless of size
 - Database name and location can be configured
 - Per default it's put into the same path as the files scanned





The meta data SQLite database





Add Tasks



- Add a task to tell Tracewrangler what it should do:
 - Sanitize/Anonymize
 - Extract
 - Edit
 - Merge
- Or use the tools:
 - Conversation summary
 - Renaming files
 - Updating file timestamps

→ Anonymize Files
Remove sensitive details

→ Extract from Files
Extract specific packets

→ Edit Files
Edit/remove layers

→ Merge Files
Merge and filter packets



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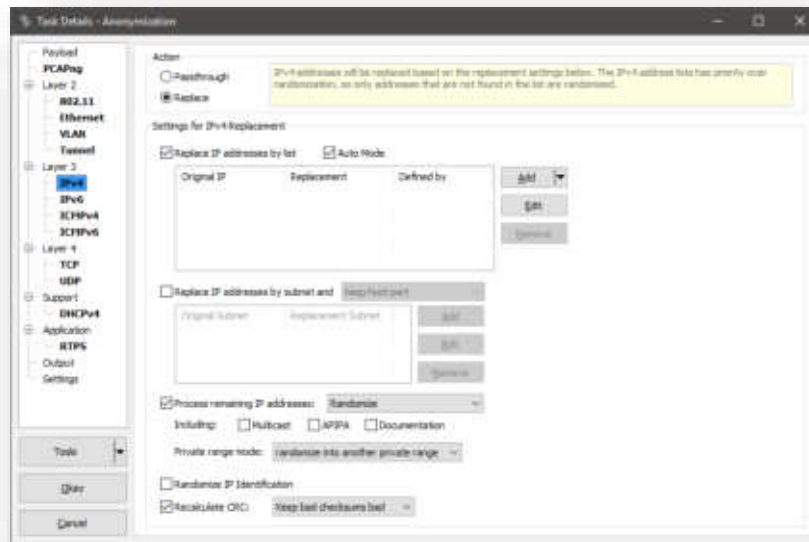
Tracewrangler Tasks: Anonymization



Task Overview: Anonymize/Sanitize

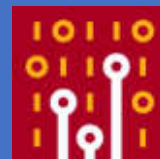


- Removes/changes sensitive details from a capture file
 - MAC Addresses, IP addresses, application payload and other things
- Comes with a default preset that should be fine in most situations
 - Can be overridden with a modified default
 - The „factory default“ can always be restored





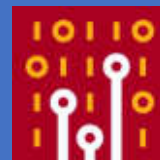
Sanitization – How it works



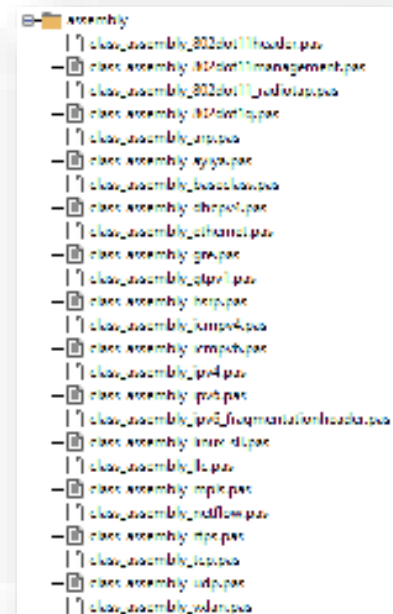
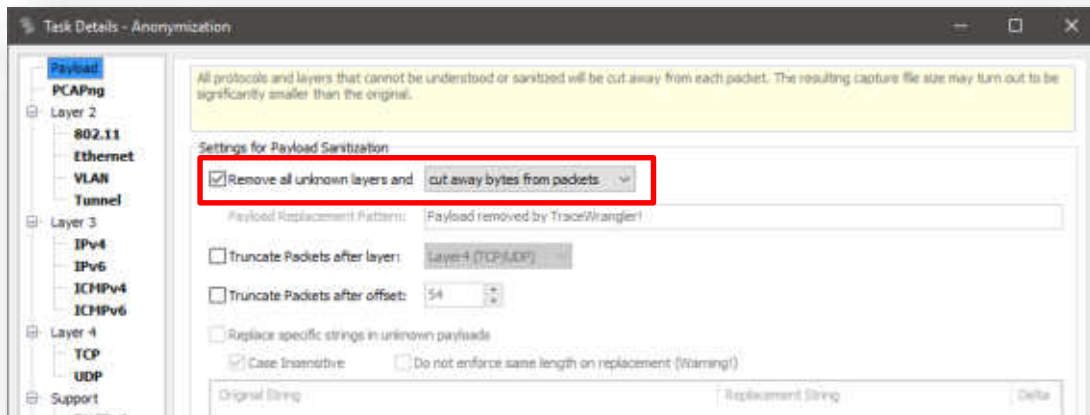
- Sanitization is a four step process:
 1. Parse the packet bottom-up (e.g. Ethernet – IPv4 – TCP – Unknown)
 2. Extract all values (addresses, ports, flags, ...)
 3. Change/remove all sensitive details of parsed values
 4. Build new packet top-down (e.g. TCP – IPv4 – Ethernet)
- Everything that isn't understood by Tracewrangler will **not** make it into the newly constructed packet!



Sanitization – Handling „unknown“ Protocols



- Tracewrangler can sanitize 24 protocols as of Sharkfest 2018
- **All others** are considered unknown payload, and cut away by default!





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Demo: Anonymization



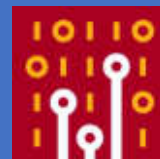
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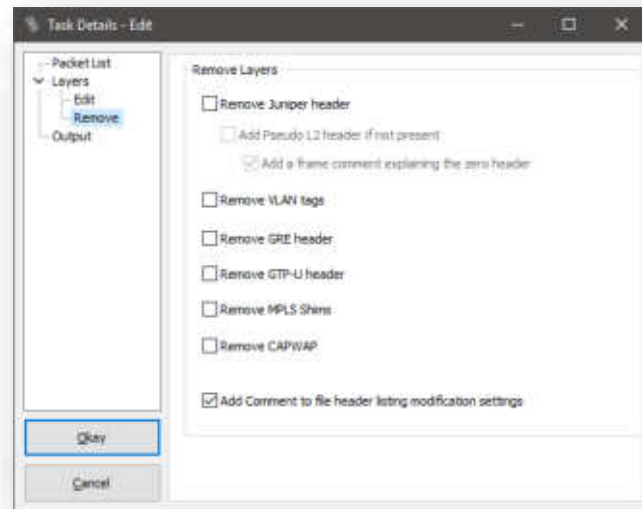
Tracewrangler Tasks: Editing



Task Overview: Editing Packets



- Mostly used to
 - remove unwanted packet layers
 - de-encapsulate protocols
 - convert link layer types
 - fix badly sliced packets
- Some features are also available via Wireshark CLI tools, e.g. reordercap and editcap





Editing – How it works



- Editing packets (removing/converting protocol layers) is not just „cut away x bytes at static offset y“
 - Protocol layers are parsed, determining protocol start and end offsets
 - When removing layers, „Next Protocol“ fields are adjusted to correctly link the remaining layers, e.g. Ethertypes:

```
> Frame 1: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits) on interface 0
▼ Ethernet II, Src: ca:00:00:00:00:1c (ca:00:00:00:00:1c), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Destination: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Source: ca:00:00:00:00:1c (ca:00:00:00:00:1c)
    Type: 802.1Q Virtual LAN (8021Q)
▼ 802.1Q Virtual LAN, Prio: 0, CFI: 0, ID: 100
  802. .... .. = Priority: Best effort (default) (0)
  ...0 .... .. = CFI: Canonical (0)
  .... 0000 8100 0100 = ID: 100
  Type: 802.1Q Virtual LAN (8021Q)
▼ 802.1Q Virtual LAN, Prio: 0, CFI: 0, ID: 200
  802. .... .. = Priority: Best effort (default) (0)
  ...0 .... .. = CFI: Canonical (0)
  .... 0000 1000 0000 = ID: 200
  Type: ARP (0x0806)
  Padding: 000000000000000000000000
  Trailer: 00000000
> Address Resolution Protocol (request)
```



```
> Frame 1: 50 bytes on wire (400 bits), 50 bytes captured (400 bits) on interface 0
▼ Ethernet II, Src: ca:00:00:00:00:1c (ca:00:00:00:00:1c), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Destination: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Source: ca:00:00:00:00:1c (ca:00:00:00:00:1c)
    Type: ARP (0x0806)
    Trailer: 0000000000000000000000000000
  > Address Resolution Protocol (request)
```



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Demo: Editing packets



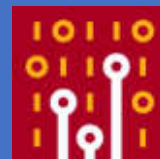
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Tracewrangler Tasks: Extraction



Task Overview: Extracting Packets



- The goal is to extract packets of interest from a large number of packets
 - This usually requires an idea what you want to have extracted
- Most common use case: carving full TCP conversations from big files
 - Especially for situations where you have one packet and need the rest of the same flow



Extracting packets – How it works



- Tracewrangler uses the meta database to
 - speed up the extraction process: positions of first and last packet to carve are well known
 - help the user looking up interesting flows
- Extracted packets can be written to a single file, or to multiple files based on a file name pattern:

File Output options

Filename:

Set output file timestamp to



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Demo: Extracting Packets



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Demo: Tools



Q&A

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